

# Crowd Chamber

## User guide v. 2.0



Crowd Chamber is an audio manipulation plug-in that layers multiple variations of a signal for crowd simulations and wild sweeping distortions.

From simple chorusing effects, small crowds and stadiums, and on to impossible situations. When each voice is mixed, it is altered in delay and spectral scale, making unique versions of itself to create the illusion of different sources. A voice stretch feature enables the voices to blur through time, giving the illusion of many more voices from one source.

What started out as a basic voice multiplier has now turned into a special effect processor. Which is great for film, in making ever changing background textures, and unique flowing distortions. Or you could just turn a small happy cheer, into a huge appreciative stadium!

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## Installation

**PC:** The file you download is in a simple plug-in format. Once you have 'unzipped' it you will have a file with the plug-in name and extension '.dll'. Copy this file directly into your plug-in folder. This folder is host specific but often found somewhere like "C:\Program Files\Steinberg\Vstplugins." Please consult your host's manual for plug-in locations.

**Mac:** The zipped file contains a basic package installer, this will place the VST and Audio Units (AU) version in a standard place. Which is "HD/Library/Audio/Plug-ins/" the Component sub folder from there is for AU, and the other is VST. You are free to move these to any location.

Note: Some hosts do not recognise new plug-ins, and a complete rescan is needed to pick up on their existence.

## Getting started

The best place to start when using Crowd Chamber is going through the presets. They are often named appropriately for their specific use, and give a good overview of the range of effects Crowd Chamber can do.

When editing, start off with one 'character', by selecting the population count of one on the left, and move the character about the main panel with the mouse. The default axis is for the main display has pan horizontally and spectra vertically. Moving in the Y axis you will see the spectra dial also moving as they are directly connected.

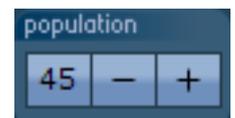
If you click 'execute' in the randomise panel, you can see that all the dials change - they are set randomly to a value between the lower and upper dial setting.

The best way to understand is just to play, and see what happens.  
Now for the main controls.

## Controls - Everybody panel group

### Population panel

This shows the current number of individuals involved in the simulation. Clicking on the number brings a quick select menu of numbers, or you can press the minus and plus buttons to increase or decrease the population.



### Preset menu

#### Load Preset:

Allows you to load a previously saved preset. This uses the VST standard '.fxp' file format.



#### Save Preset:

Allows you to save a preset. This uses the VST standard '.fxp' file format.

#### Reset Current:

Resets the selected program back to its 'factory preset,' or basically its preset setting when the plug-in was first loaded into a project.

#### Presets:

Simply contains all the presets available.

#### Left and Right buttons:

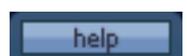
This scrolls you through the presets.

#### Current Preset name:

Clicking on the name panel enables you to change its name.

### Help button

Click this displays this help text inside the main panel. You can scroll with the arrow keys, or click above or below the slider for half page jumps, or grab the slider to quickly browse the help pages. Click help again to remove text.



## Output panel

### Wet:

This is the amount of output volume from the plug-in process. Set to half way (top) will give a single voice an equal output from input. There are many factors that effect volume, although automatic set to balance for population count, there be a need to increase the volume high because of all the mixed phases and blurring of the sound.



### Dry:

This is the amount of the original input that is mixed with the 'wet' sound and sent to the output.

### Circular clip LED:

This lights up whenever the return signal goes over the standard plug-in limits. Clipping will cause distortion to the output, and should usually be avoided.

## Main Display panel

### Characters:

This large panel shows the main population situated at user selectable co-ordinates. This DOES NOT show the actual 2D positions of the individuals, but is a useful visual separation tool.

It helps to show the distinguishing differences in pan position, time delay, and spectral shift.

Each person can be selected and moved around their selected co-ordinates. The selected individual is shown with an orange circle (yes, I know - waving at you!), and its parameters are shown on the right of the plug-in.

**Display Axis:** The X and Y axis types can be changed using the simple menu panel shown here.



## Randomise panel

This frequently used panel is used to create your own Crowds. Getting the crowds properly distributed can be a lengthy process, so some kind of randomising is very useful.

Each parameter of the individual can be randomised between to values, called here Lower and Upper.

### Execute:

This sets off the randomising, you can just keep pressing this until you find a crowd suitable. This is extremely useful of sifting through many possible combinations of effects.

### Lower:

This dial sets the actual lower limit of the random value.

### Upper:

This dial sets the actual upper limit of the random value.

These values are DIAL POSITIONS and not associated with internal settings. This makes it easier to see the results and set common ranges for all the parameters.

The lower value must always be below the upper, so if they cross then one simply pushes the other back automatically.

### Everybody / individual button:

This allows you to randomise the whole population or just the selected individual.

### All / Individual option:

The drop-down menu at the bottom of the panel sets which parameters of the individual to randomize. This defaults to 'all - not gain.'



Try using close values for some very unusual chorus or watery 'broken' type effects. More on what this panel actually changes in 'Individual panel group.'

## Global effects

This section alters all of the population with unique effects, creating the general tone and size of the system.

### Spread:

This spreads or stretches out each voice in time. The effect is as though the sound is repeated and overlaid very rapidly in short succession. Large values cause a long blurring spread which is used to simulate huge crowds, giving the impression that each value is mixed and spread with the others over a large time period.

It's perhaps a good exercise to alter this parameter with a soloed instrument or speech to better understand the effect to begin with.

### Shift:

This sets an overall spectral shift of the output. Useful as it mimics the feedback shift from the previous version of Crowd Chamber, but has a range larger enough to create really twisted effects.

### Circular clip LED:

This lights up whenever the return signal goes over the standard plug-in limits. Clipping will cause distortion to the output, and should usually be avoided.



## Individual panel group

### Selected panel

This allows you to manually select a person, in the same way as the population parameters. Alternatively, you could select them by click on the main panel. The selected individual has an orange circle around them.



### Solo:

This allows you to hear the individual on their own.

### Spectra and modulation panel

#### Spectra shift:

This pushes the spectral content of the individual up or down. For no adjustment set to vertical. Note this is not the same as a pitch scale algorithm, as the spectral content is shifted, not multiplied. This function provides enough character change for convincing multi-voices.



#### Spectra modulation gain:

This gain control, changes the amount the spectral scaling alters over time. It's a sinusoidal LFO, that is added to the spectral scale value.

#### Spectra modulation speed:

This sets the rate of the spectra modulation. High values can cause strange effects, which are often welcome!

### Time and modulation panel

#### Delay:

This the delay of the sound, zero being the extreme left of the dial. Putting performers together will never produce perfect synchronisation, so different signals arrive at different times. Setting them all to a low value will create strange feedback and cancellation effects with high multi-layers.



#### Time delay modulation gain:

This gain control changes the amount the delay alters over time. It's a sinusoidal LFO, that is added to the delay value. Extreme values produce playback pitch changes, which are different from the spectral shift of the previous panel.

#### Time delay modulation speed:

This sets the rate of the time delay modulation.

## Pan and Gain panels

### Pan:

This simply sets the pan position of the individual, using the circular panning law. You can of course also click on a character in the main panel and pan by moving left and right (depending on axis selection)

### Gain:

Sets the gain of the individual. Setting to zero would be pointless so a suitable and useful gain range is selected internally.



## Hints and tips

- \* As with all QuikQuak's plug-ins, experimentation is the key!
- \* Try many different inputs, you'll be surprised how they turn out, and what you can simulate.
- \* Use high spread values to create the effect of a massive chanting stadium full of people!
- \* As default, the random 'execute' command will change every individual's parameters to their extreme value (leaving gain alone). You can go through millions of effects with this, but it's always best to alter single parameter groups to get a real feel of the plug-in's abilities.
- \* Layers with close values can cancel each other out at times, this turned out to be handy for other sound design purposes like monster effects - dinosaurs, screeching birds, and ghost effects for example.
- \* CPU usage is mostly linked with population count.
- \* Sometimes a population of one will be enough for your purposes, by using the global effects panel to create something completely different with the advantage of less CPU usage.

Above all, have fun!

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QuikQuak audio plug-ins.